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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/679,068	10/05/2000	Takashi Shimada	1614-1084	9496
21171	7590 02/26/2003			
STAAS & HALSEY LLP			EXAMINER	
700 11TH STI SUITE 500	REET, NW	MEINECKE DIAZ, SUSANNA M		
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20001		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3623	
			DATE MAILED: 02/26/2003	13

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	-	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/679,068	SHIMADA ET AL.	\mathcal{N}			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Susanna M. Diaz	3623	$-\Psi$			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sh	e t with the correspond nce add	ress \v			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, within the statutory minimulation of the statutory minimulation and will expire SIX, cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this concome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 h	November 2002 .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) Th	is action is non-final					
3)	Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under tion of Claims			merits is			
•	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application	1					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requireme	nt.				
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)🖾	The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 October 2000</u> is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)	objected to by the Examiner.				
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	-, ,					
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed on			•			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
<i>,</i> —	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
-	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		0.0.0.440(.).(1)(0)				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)	All b) Some * c) None of: All a site of the site						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
* 5	application from the International Bui application from the International Bui bee the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2	2(a)).	tage			
14) 🗌 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
)						
Attachmen	t(s)						
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 No	erview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s tice of Informal Patent Application (PTO- ter:				

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DETAILED ACTION

This Final Office action is responsive to Applicant's amendment filed November
 2002.

Claims 1 and 2 have been amended.

Claims 5-14 have been added.

Claims 1-14 are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. The previously pending rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, 1st paragraph is withdrawn in response to Applicant's persuasive arguments.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the art rejection of claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection, necessitated by Applicant's amendments to the claims.

Specification

3. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The

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disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

4. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it recites the word "said" (please note two occurrences in line 11). Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Angotti et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,182,059).

Angotti discloses a business support system comprising:

[Claim 1] service request production means for producing service information request data in a predetermined form for an external processing system in response to a request of a user from a terminal apparatus used by the user, said terminal apparatus being a one of a plurality of different communication means (abstract; col. 3, lines 15-20; col. 11, lines 20-48);

data form conversion means for converting the form of the service information request data produced by the service request production means into a form that can be processed by the external processing system and also for converting service

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information provided from the external processing system in response to said service information request data into said predetermined form (abstract; col. 11, lines 20-48); [Claim 5] wherein said plurality of different communication means include a telephone, a facsimile machine, and a computer terminal (col. 11, lines 20-48 -- Angotti's voice channel is deemed to be functionally equivalent to the claimed telephone).

Regarding claims 1, 6, and 7, Angotti teaches a service information providing means for providing the service information converted into the predetermined form by the data form conversion means to the terminal apparatus originating the request for the service information if a customer sends an e-mail requesting that service information be provided to him/her via e-mail (col. 4, lines 50-52; col. 6, line 23 through col. 7, line 67). Alternately, Angotti's customers can send a request for information from a facsimile machine or a terminal that can transmit voice data (col. 11, lines 20-40). These requests are parsed to detect any instructions regarding each customer request (col. 7, Tables 1 & 2). For example, the customer may specify that he/she wants information sent to him/her via e-mail, facsimile, or phone (col. 7, Tables 1 & 2). Unless an appropriate automatic e-mail response is identified (col. 6, lines 23-32), a human operator processes each customer request based on the pertinent information parsed out of the request (col. 9, line 65 through col. 10, line 63). Angotti does not teach a service providing means for providing the service information converted into the predetermined form by the data form conversion means to the terminal apparatus

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originating the request for the service information, wherein the terminal apparatus is one of a plurality of different communication means. In other words, Angotti's service providing means per se only perform conversions of service information when a response is to be sent via e-mail. For responses sent via facsimile or telephone, a human operator handles the transmission of such data. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known in the art of business to automate well-known manual steps. Automation of a process often enables a process previously performed manually to be carried out more quickly and with less error. Therefore, the Examiner asserts that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to automate all of Angotti's information delivery functions such that Angotti's invention includes a service providing means for providing the service information converted into the predetermined form by the data form conversion means to the terminal apparatus originating the request for the service information, wherein the terminal apparatus is one of a plurality of different communication means, in order to facilitate that Angotti's information delivery process be carried out more quickly and with less error.

Further regarding claims 6 and 7, Angotti does not expressly teach a determination of whether or not the service information is updated; however, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known in the art of information providing to verify that the information being provided is updated, and if not, to acquire the most updated version of the information. This ensures that customers are being provided with the most accurate and pertinent information. Therefore, the Examiner asserts that it would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to implement with Angotti determining means for determining whether or not the service information is updated by accessing the external processing system (as per claim 6) and accessing means accessing the external processing system to sending the service information request data converted into the form that can be processed by the external processing system so as to obtain the service information in respect to the service information request data, when the determining means determines that the service information is not updated (as per claim 7) in order to ensure that customers are being provided with the most accurate and pertinent service information.

As per claims 2 and 3, Angotti provides various types of service information, including promotional content, responses to requests for services, and responses to general questions, to its customers (col. 10, lines 1-9), yet Angotti fails to explicitly disclose a sales campaign monitoring means for monitoring the effectiveness of a sales campaign based on the service information provided to the customers, service information determining means for deciding which type of service information should be provided to customers depending on the effectiveness of the monitored sales campaign, and service channel determining means for determining a providing means for providing service information to the customer depending on the success rate of the monitored sales campaign. However, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known in the art of marketing to evaluate the effectiveness of one's marketing campaign based on the service information provided to the customers and then decide which type of service

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information should be provided to customers depending on the effectiveness of the monitored sales campaign. A constant reevaluation of one's marketing campaign assists in ongoing improvement of the campaign especially in light of changing times and circumstances. Furthermore, Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known in the art of marketing to monitor a sales campaign in order to assess the most effective modes of communicating sales information (e.g., advertising) to potential customers. Again, a constant reevaluation of all aspects of one's marketing campaign assists in ongoing improvement of the campaign especially in light of changing times and circumstances. Therefore, the Examiner asserts that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to implement with Angotti's information delivery system a sales campaign monitoring means for monitoring the effectiveness of a sales campaign based on the service information provided to the customers, service information determining means for deciding which type of service information should be provided to customers depending on the effectiveness of the monitored sales campaign, and service channel determining means for determining a providing means for providing service information to the customer depending on the success rate of the monitored sales campaign in order to facilitate a constant reevaluation of all aspects of Angotti's promotional marketing campaigns, thereby assisting in ongoing improvement of the campaign especially in light of changing times and circumstances.

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Regarding claim 4, Angotti teaches the use of various service channels to provide service information (as discussed above), yet Angotti does not expressly disclose adjusting means that ensures that no one providing means for providing service information determined by the service channel determining means is overloaded. However, Official Notice is taken that the use of load balancing among various communications channels is old and well-known in the art of communications. Load balancing helps to ensure that the available communications channels are utilized as efficiently as possible, thereby facilitating the quicker and overall more successful delivery of information. Therefore, the Examiner asserts that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to enhance Angotti's communications capabilities with adjusting means that ensures that no one providing means for providing service information determined by the service channel determining means is overloaded in order to help ensure that the available communications channels are utilized as efficiently as possible, thereby facilitating the quicker and overall more successful delivery of information.

[Claims 8-14] Claims 8-14 recite limitations already addressed by the rejection of claims 1-7 above; therefore, the same rejection applies.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37

CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Susanna M. Diaz whose telephone number is (703) 305-

1337. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9 am - 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (703) 305-9643.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the Receptionist whose telephone number is

(703)308-1113.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

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(703)305-7687 [Official communications; including

After Final communications labeled

"Box AF"]

(703)746-7048 [Informal/Draft of

[Informal/Draft communications, labeled

"PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 22202, 7th floor receptionist.

Susanna M. Diaz Patent Examiner Art Unit 3623 February 22, 2003

> TARIQ R. HAFIZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600